

Year 9 PDC Booklet Living in the Wider World I



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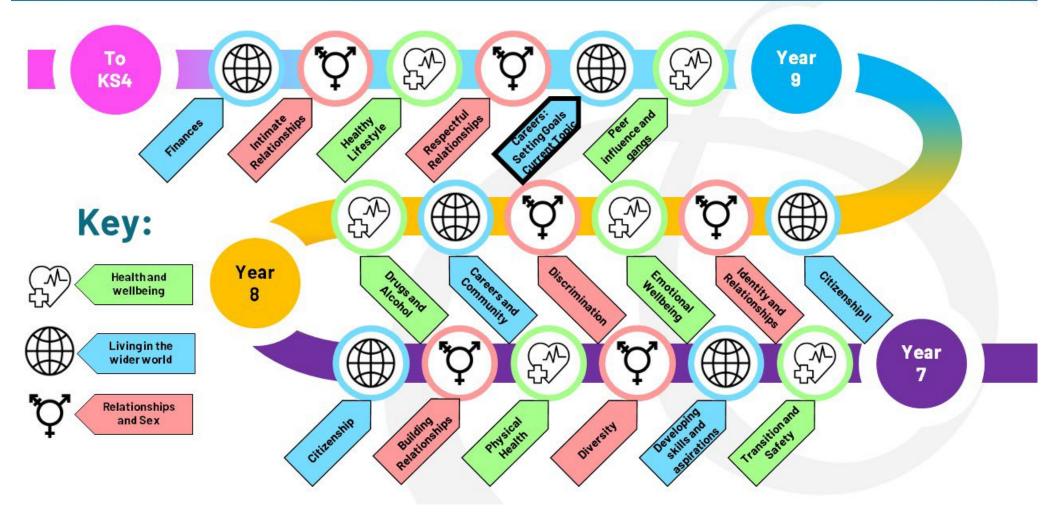
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Personal Development Curriculum KS3 Learning Journey









Year 9 — Block 2: Living in the Wider World Knowledge Organiser



Key Words				
Personal Qualities	The characteristics, ways of feeling, thinking and behaving, within a person that makes them different and unique from others.			
Skills	The ability to do something well; expertise.			
Enterprise skills	The qualities and attributes an enterprising person demonstrates			
Enterprise	A project or undertaking, especially a bold or complex one. A business can also be referred to as an 'enterprise'			
Work skills	Skills needed in the workplace e.g. communication skills or interpersonal skills			
Aspirations	Goals or ambitions we want to achieve			
Taking Initiative	Doing a little extra even if no one asked you to			
Stress	Mental or emotional strain or tension			
Anxiety	Persistent feeling of worry			
Emotional Intelligence	The capability of a person to manage and control his or her emotions and possess the ability to control the emotions of others as well			

	Qualifications Post 16					
Lvl1:	Lvl 2:	Lvl 3:	Lvl 4/5:	Lvl 6:	Lvl 7:	N 8:
GCSE 1-3	GCSE 4-9	A Level/ BTEC/NVQ	Foundation Degree		Masters/ Post-Grad	PhD
				***************************************	Courses	

Where To Go For Support:				
Teachers and	School Staff, Parents, Friends, Parents			
National Careers Advice Service	https://nationalcareersservice.direct.gov.uk/			
UniFrog	https://www.unifrog.org			

UniFrog Competencies				
Aiming high	Set a clear goal and devise a plan to achieve it			
Creativity	Used your imagination to come up with new ideas			
Leadership	Motivated others to achieve a shared goal			
Listening	Shown strong skills in receiving and processing ideas			
Speaking	Shown strong skills in orally transmitting ideas			
Problem solving	Found a solution to a situation or challenge			
Staying positive	Used strategies to overcome a setback Worked co-operatively with others to get things done			
Teamwork				
Reading	Shown strong skills in reading			
Numeracy	Successfully worked with numbers			
Independence	Worked on your own to achieve something			
Writing	Shown particularly strong skills in writing			
Comboting Warden or 5				

	Being Enterprising					
	Being enterprising is one of the most					
	important skills emp	important skills employers look for. This				
	benefits all areas of your life, giving you					
	confidence and skills	confidence and skills. Skills associated				
	with being enterprising include:					
g	Adaptability	• Opportunity				
	Creativity Identification					
	• Independence	 Problem Solving 				
	• Initiative	Resilience				

Why Care About Career Navigation?

• Risk Taking

- Helps you narrow down your choices
- Strategies help you reach your goals

Combating Workplace Emotions				
Reason	Strategy			
Fear of being laid off	Openly communicate with your employer or your HR about the company's stability. Also, complete additional skill enhancements			
More overtime due to staff cutbacks	Prioritise your tasks to manage your working hours. Communicate			
Pressure to perform to meet rising expectations but with no increase in job satisfaction	Set realistic goals for your career milestones, and ask for regular feedback on your progress towards them			
Pressure to work at optimum levels—all the time!	Ensure you have a work/life balance and incorporate mindfulness and meditation into your daily routine			
Lack of control over how you do your work	Discuss how you want to work with your manager, and offer solutions to the problem rather that are useful			

Da	ate:	LIONHEAD
Ti	tle: Skills and Qualities	EDUCATION, TRUST
Re	etrieval Practice	
1.	Carrying a can increase the chances of being injured or harming someone else.	
2.	It is to carry a knife in public without a good reason.	
3.	Many people carry knives for, but this can make situations more dangerous.	
4.	Getting involved in activities can lead to serious consequences, including priso	n.
5.	Knife crime can have deadly for both the victim and the person carrying the kni	fe.

Baseline Assessment

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

Endpoint Assessment 1. What is the difference between skills and qualities? 2. List 3 skills and 3 qualities?



Task 1: Match up the competency with its definition

a. Used your imagination to come up with new ideas
b. Shown strong skills in receiving and processing ideas
c. Used strategies to overcome a setback
d. Shown strong skills in reading
e. Set a clear goal and devise a plan to achieve it
f. Found a solution to a situation or challenge
g. Worked co-operatively with others to get things done
h. Shown strong skills in orally transmitting ideas
i. Worked on your own to achieve something
j. Shown particularly strong skills in writing
k. Successfully worked with numbers
I. Motivated others to achieve a shared goal



Task 2: Enterprise Skills

Skill	Example in school	Example out of school
Punctuality		
Oral and written communication		
Taking/giving directions		
Working as part of a team		
Problem solving skills		

Task 3: Demonstrating a skill

Think of a time you've demonstrated a skill. Write a description of this time.

Remember how much detail was in the brilliant example from earlier Unifrog competencies:

•	Aiming high	•	Speaking	•	Reading
•	Creativity	•	Problem solving	•	Numeracy
•	Leadership	•	Staying positive	•	Independence
•	Listening	•	Teamwork	•	Writing
 ••••				•••••	



Date:	
Date:	• • • • • • •

Title: How to Demonstrate Strengths

Retrieval Practice

1.	One important quality in the workplace is honesty as it helps build with others.
2.	Good communication skills are essential for working effectively in a
3.	Being means you can adapt to new situations and challenges.
4.	Time is a key skill for meeting deadlines and staying organised.
5.	Demonstrating strong skills can help you solve problems more effectively.

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
3. Why is it important to		
demonstrate strengths?		
4. How do you know your		
strengths are?		



Task 2: Case Studies	How does the student demonstrate this skill/quality?	How have I demonstrated this skill or quality at some point in my life?	How could I demonstrate this skill or quality in the future?
Managing Money:			
Tara had £50 to last her each week			
after she paid her rent. Knowing			
money would be a squeeze she			
shopper around on price			
comparison sites for cheaper utility			
bills and created a strict budget she			
was determined to stick to			
Negotiation:			
Priya's landlord wanted £900 a			
month for her flat – which was a			
little too pricey for her. Priya			
suggested £750 but her landlord			
said no. The price included a weekly			
cleaner, so Priya suggested she			
would do all the cleaning weekly			
instead and would pay £775 a			
month. The landlord agreed.			
Project Management:			
Jamie, a student TA, was asked to			
set up a corner of the school's			
library as a careers centre. He			
created a detailed plan of what he			
needed, how long it would take,			
arranged students to help and			
completed the task on time, on			
budget and pleased the Principal			
with his completed project			



Research and Information		
Gathering		
Kelly was set a very interesting		
coursework question – 'What		
challenges face small businesses in		
their first three years?' As well as		
using the internet, Kelly decided to		
actually go and visit some small		
businesses and ask them the		
question in person		
Identifying Opportunities:		
Sam struggled to think of a stall to		
put on at the Christmas Fayre, so he		
decided to make a list of all the		
other stalls and do something		
completely different. Noticing there		
were no stalls selling chocolate		
advent calendars, he decided that		
would be what his stall would sell.		
Lateral Thinking:		
Tyson dropped his phone in his		
drink at a party. His mates told him		
it was broken and he'd need a new		
one. Tyson didn't want to buy a new		
one, so he put the phone on a towel		
on the radiator overnight. It dried		
out and started working again.		

Da	ate:
Ti	tle: Managing Emotions in the Workplace
Re	etrieval Practice
1.	One way to demonstrate your strengths in a career is through your, which highlights your skills and achievements.
2.	Employers appreciate candidates who show, which means doing things you haven't been asked to do and being self-motivated.
3.	Your can reflect how well you communicate with colleagues and clients.
4.	A good demonstrates your ability to meet deadlines and manage multiple tasks.
5.	In an interview, you can provide of how you've used your strengths to succeed in

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

previous roles.

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
1. What are common emotions		
in the workplace?		
2. How can you manage		
emotions in the workplace?		



Task 1: Similarities and Differences

	Similarities	Differences
Stress		
Anxiety		

Task 2: Scenarios



	What emotions might	What would be the	What would be the	How might you deal
	you experience in this	effect on yourself in	effect on others in	with these emotions
	scenario?	this scenario?	this scenario?	in this scenario?
Its Monday morning. Your boss has just asked you				
to quickly pop into their office for a chat. They				
really need you to complete the project you've				
been working on two weeks early – by Friday. They				
don't give you a reason why, but apologise for the				
change in deadline.				
You are working on a project with another				
colleague at work. You have done most of the				
work, but you overhear your colleague bragging				
about all the work they have put in to complete				
this project. They are taking credit for your work,				
but in reality aren't doing much themselves				
Its reaching the end of your shift. You still have 5				
things left to do on your to-do list. You could push				
them to tomorrow, but then you'll have too much				
to do tomorrow. You could stay later today, but				
that means you won't be able to go out for dinner				
tonight with friends you haven't seen for a long				
period of time.				
You've just received a promotion! You are asked				
not to talk to anyone about it, but you are so				
excited and you really want to tell someone. You				
know you shouldn't but telling one person won't				
hurt right?				

Ti	Title: Post 16 Options						
Retrieval Practice							
1.	It is important to remain	when dealing with stressful s	ituations at work.				
2.	Taking deep can he	elp calm your mind when you feel ov	verwhelmed.				
3.	3. If you feel at work, it may help to take short breaks to reset your mind.						
4.	4. Managing your can prevent feelings of being overwhelmed and anxious.						
5.	Feeling stressed or anxious for	long periods can negatively affect	your				
Ва	seline and Endpoint Assessme	nt:					
		Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment				
1.	What different options are available to you after 16?						

2. How do you know which option is right for you?

Task 1: Case Studies



Samuel is 16, and has just finished his GCSEs. He achieved 7 good passes, including maths and English. Although he did well with his GCSEs, he struggled with revision and much prefers coursework and real-life assignments. He is not sure what qualification he should study next, but knows he is interested in engineering.	What qualifications should they study?	Where should they study?
Sophie did well at school up until year 9. Unfortunately, she was very ill and was absent from school for most of year 10 and most of year 11. When she returned to school she had missed a lot of work and found it very difficult to catch up. She achieved 2 GCSEs, neither at high grades. She likes the idea of working in a bank or in customer service when she is older.		
Sean is 16 and just finished his GCSEs. He passed five, including maths and English. He is very creative, and enjoys graphic design. He doesn't enjoy lots of exams. His career aspiration is to become a graphic designer.		
Grace has just finished her GCSEs and achieved 9 passes, all high grades. She is a very shy person who always studies really hard and has no trouble with exams. She moved into the area when she was 14, and although she found it very difficult to make friends to begin with, she has now built up strong friendships within her class. Some of her friends are talking of going to the local FE College to continue studying, but she is not sure if it is right for her. Her career aspiration is to become a doctor.		

Da	ate:	LIONHEART		
Τi	tle: Navigating Your Career	TRUST		
Re	trieval Practice			
l. One option after finishing school to stay in education and go to a college or sixth form				
2.	Another option is to do an, where you can learn while working.			
3.	Some students may choose to go into full-time to start earning money.			
′ ₁ .	Continuing your education helps you gain important for your future career.			
5.	An apprenticeship allows you to learn new skills while getting			

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
1. What are the different stages of your career?		
2. What can you do to lessen the impact of change?		



Task 1: Case Studies

Sarah is in her mid-twenties and has been working in marketing for three years. She enjoys her job,
but she's starting to think about her long-term goals. She's considering pursuing additional
qualifications, but she's also thinking about switching to a different industry. What advice would you
give Sarah? What are the pros and cons of each option?
Michael has been working in finance for over a decade, but he's feeling burnt out and unfulfilled. He's
considering a career change, possibly into teaching. What steps should Michael take to make this
transition? What challenges might he face, and how could he address them?
Task 2: Scenario
i dSn 2. Scelldi lo
You're a high school student about to graduate, and you need to choose a major for college. You're
torn between two options: Computer Science and Psychology. What factors should you consider
when making this decision? Write down three key considerations and explain why they're important.