

Year 7 PDC Booklet Physical and Mental Health II

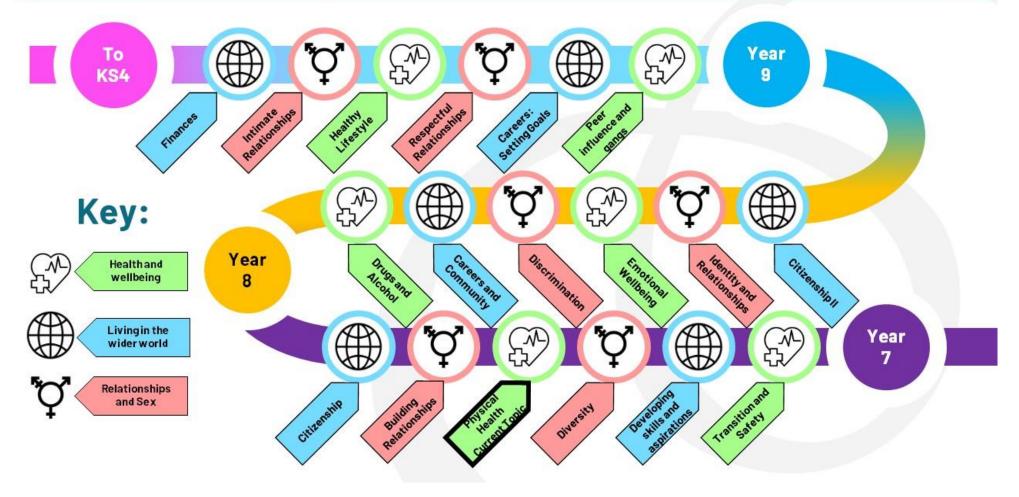


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Form:					



Personal Development Curriculum KS3 Learning Journey









Year 7 - Block 4: Physical and Mental Health Knowledge Organiser



Key Words		
Sleep	Sleep is a natural and regularly-occurring state in humans and other animals. During sleep, our nervous system becomes less active and our consciousness is diminished, meaning that we're not as aware	
Sleep Debt	The amount of sleep you have missed out on.	
REM	Rapid Eye Movement. This type of sleep is where we dream for approximately 50% of the night	
Personal Hy- giene	Personal hygiene is how you care for your body. Good personal hygiene involves keeping all parts of the external body clean and healthy. This includes,	
Vaccination	A substance used to stimulate immunity to a particular infectious disease or pathogen, typically prepared from an inactivated or weakened form of the causative agent or from its constituents or products.	
FGM	Female Genital Mutilation. The act of cutting some or all of a female person's external genitals, for reasons which are not medical. It is also sometimes referred to as female circumcision.	

Sleep		
Why do we sleep? To function efficiently and productively		
Length of time?	Children: 8 -10 hours Adults: 8 hours	
Catching up on missed sleep?	Yes this is possible, and you should sleep ex- tra on subsequent days where you have missed out on sleep	
Can't Sleep?	Breathe in for 4, hold for 4 and breathe out for 6. Keep repeating until you fall asleep (usually 10 cycles)	

1. Carbohydrates—Base meals on these foods where possible 2. Fruit and veg—Eat at least 5 portions a day 3. Dairy—You need a smaller amount of dairy every day 4. Fats—Have these less often and in smaller amounts 5. Protein—You need some protein in every meal

	andwashing Guid	
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With soap, thoroughly rub the palms of your hand together	Rub each palm over the back of the opposing hand with fingers interlaced	Interface your hands and rub palm to palm
4	5	6
Interlock your hands and ub the backs of your fingers onto the opposing palm	Grasp your thumb with the opposing palm and rub while rotating	With clasped fingers, rotationally rub each hand onto the opposing palm

	Where To Go For Support:
Teachers	s and School Staff, Parents, Friends, Parents
NPSCC	https://www.nspcc.org.uk
Childline	https://www.childline.org.uk
COPS	https://ceop.police.uk/safety-centre/

Vaccinations		
Advantages	Disadvantages	
If enough people are vaccinated, we stop people becoming extremely ill	They require a lot of logistics to get in place i.e. storing at cold temperatures	
The chances of dying or severe illness drop	Some people end up with side effects	
It is cheaper than treating a very ill per-	Its not 100% effective	

FGM

- Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 makes it illegal for FGM to be performed in the UK or anywhere in the world on UK citizens or permanent residents of any age.
- If you carry out or help in carrying out FGM or if you arrange for someone to undergo FGM you face up to 14 years in prison.
- It is also illegal to take a British national or permanent resident abroad for FGM or to help any one trying to do this.

Effects of F@M		
Physical	Emotional	
•Bleeding •Urinary tract infections •Pregnancy complications •Difficulty during childbirth •Menstruation problems •Painful sex •Infertility	•PTSD •Anxiety •Trust Issues •Anger Issues	



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Title: Learning To Learn - Modelling

Retrieval Practice

- 1. Metacognition means thinking about how you _____ and learn.
- 2. A good revision strategy is to (delete word) plan/monitor/evaluate your progress and adapt your methods if needed.
- 3. Revising in short, focused sessions with _____ in between helps improve memory retention.
- 4. Using _____ practice, such as self-testing, is more effective than simply re-reading notes.
- 5. Creating a clear _____ for revision ensures you cover all the necessary topics before the exam.

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
1. What is modelling?		
i. What is modelling:		
2. How can you use modelling		
to help you learn?		

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An Example of Modelling

Task: Plan a Revision Timetable for a Week

- I have a lot of things to do and I'm not sure how to do these.
- My teacher told me how to make a revision timetable in school, and so I am going to use their example as a model, to "think aloud" exactly how to make this timetable step by step.
- I will also use the approach of planning, monitoring and evaluating to get there

Stage 1: Planning

- "I have a science test, an English essay, and maths homework to prepare for this week. I'll need to spread these tasks across the week to make sure I don't leave anything to the last minute."
- "Let me start by checking how many free afternoons and evenings I have after school. I see I'm busy on Tuesday with football practice, so I'll avoid putting a big task there."

Day	Task	
Monday	Revise science	
Попиау	topic A	
Tuesday	Write a draft	
Tuesuay	English essay	
Wednesday	Maths Homework	
Thursday	Revise science	
Thursday	topic B	
Friday	Relax into the	
Tiluay	weekend	

Stage 2: Monitoring

- "Okay, I've written my plan, but Tuesday still looks packed. I'll move the English essay draft to Wednesday instead to balance things out."
- "I'm also going to add a notes column, so that I know exactly what I am going to be doing, and things to make sure I don't forget"

Day	Task	Notes
Monday	Revise science	Focus on diagrams
Monday	topic A	and definitions
Tuesday	Write a draft	Needs to be done
Tuesday	English essay	before football
Wadpaday	Maths Homework	Longer session
Wednesday		available
Thursday	Revise science	Focus on exam
Tiluisuay	topic B	practice
Cridov	Relax into the	Revisit if any work
Friday	weekend	needs completing

Stage 3: Evaluating

 "This looks manageable. I've given myself time for breaks and kept the evenings lighter before big tasks. If this doesn't work, I can adjust during the week."

Day	Task	Notes
Monday	Revise science	Focus on diagrams
Honday	topic A	and definitions
Tuesday	Write a draft	Needs to be done
Tuesday	English essay	before football
Wednesday	Maths Homework	Longer session
weullesday		available
Thursday	Revise science	Focus on exam
	topic B	practice
Friday	Relax into the	Revisit if any work
riluay	weekend	needs completing



Task 1: Planning Yourself

You are now going to plan your weekend using the prompt below.

"Imagine it's Friday afternoon, and you have two important things to prepare for next week: a history test and a group presentation. You also want to finish your geography homework and spend time with family or friends. How will you plan your weekend?"

Planning	Monitoring	Evaluating
What tasks do you need to	How will you check if your plan	How will you know if your plan
complete? When will you do	is working?	is successful?
them?		

Plan

Day	Activities	Notes
Saturday		
Sunday		



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Title: Importance of Sleep

Retrieval Practice

- 1. Metacognitive modelling involves talking out loud the _____ process while completing a task.
- 2. It helps you to understand how to _____ complex or challenging problems.
- 3. You can demonstrate how to plan, monitor, and _____ thinking during learning.
- 4. By observing others, you can learn strategies to _____ your own learning.
- 5. Metacognitive modelling encourages you to reflect on what worked and what you can ______ next time.

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment:

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
 Why is getting enough sleep important? 		
2. How can we ensure we get		
enough sleep?		

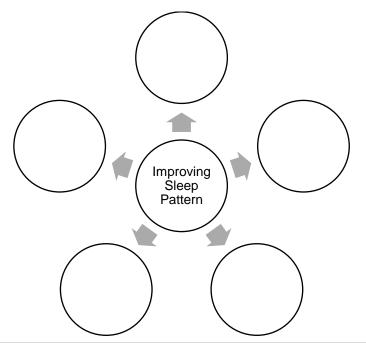
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Task 1: Questions

l .	What is the function of sleep?
2.	How long do we spend asleep?
3.	Which study group had fewer attention lapses?
4.	Which group had similar reactions to drunk people?
5.	What is sleep debt?
6.	How long does it take to recover from short-term sleep debt?
7.	How long should we sleep for?

Task 2: Identifying how to improve your sleeping pattern

Fill in the diagram to identify ways to improve your sleeping pattern. Then fill out the table below to describe the changes you will make to your sleeping pattern:



e.g Ensuring I go to bed at 10pm each night



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Title: Having A Healthy Diet

Retrieval Practice

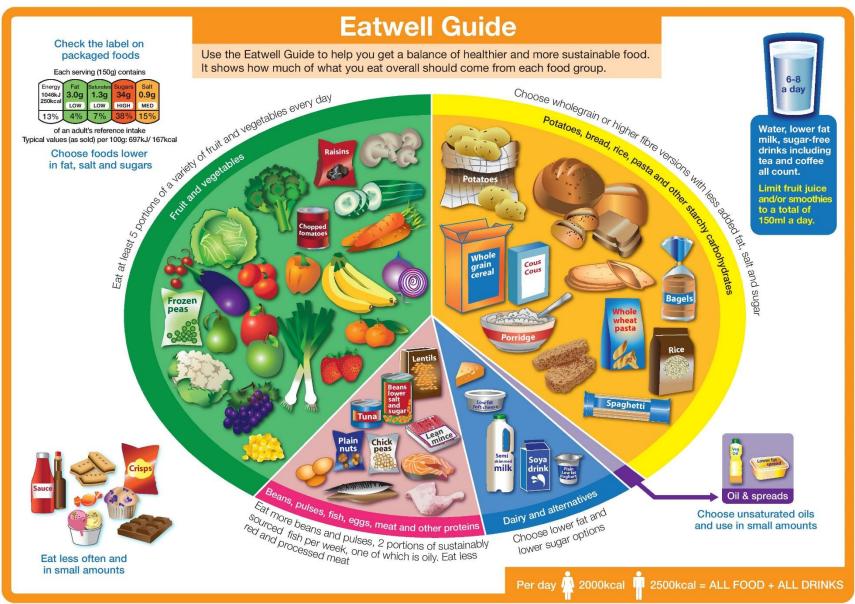
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1.	Teenagers need approximately hours of sleep per night.
2.	Many are averaging approximately hours.
3.	After puberty, the internal clock of an adolescent undergoes a biological shift of up to hours later.
4.	The time that teenagers naturally wake up also shifts by up to hours later.
5.	Teenagers will from a regular schedule.
6.	The time before bed (at least 60 minutes) should allow for winding down and must screen use (e.g. TV, phones, tablets etc.).
7.	Teenagers should caffeinated or high-sugar products such as fizzy drinks, tea or coffee and sweets.

8. Spending time _____ every day (especially in the morning) can be beneficial to sleep.

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
1. What are the different food groups that we should consume?		
2. Why is it important to have these different foot groups in moderation?		





Source: Public Health England in association with the Welsh Government, Food Standards Scotland and the Food Standards Agency in Northern Ireland

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Key Messages



Eat at least 5 portions of a variety of fruit and vegetables every day.

Base meals on potatoes, bread, rice, pasta or other starchy carbohydrates; choosing wholegrain versions where possible.

Eat some beans, pulses, fish, eggs, meat and other proteins (including 2 portions of fish every week, one of which should be oily).

Have some dairy or dairy alternatives (such as soya drinks); choosing lower fat and lower sugar options.

Choose unsaturated oils and spreads and eat in small amounts.

Drink 6-8 cups/glasses of fluid a day.

If consuming foods and drinks high in fat, salt or sugar have these less often and in small amounts

Task 1: MenuCreate a day's menu of a healthy, balanced diet which meets Eatwell Guide recommendations.

 Meal
 Contents
 What part of the Eatwell guide have you used?

 Breakfast
 Lunch

 Dinner



Task 2: Peer Assessment

- 1. Swap the menus with a different pupil.
- 2. In pairs discuss how the diet is balanced in comparison to the Eatwell guide.
- 3. Provide feedback: WWW and EBI.

What Went Well	Even Better If

4. Add WWW and EBI comments in green pen to your work.



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Date:	LIONHEART EDUCATIONAL TRUST

Title: Personal Hygiene and Physical Health

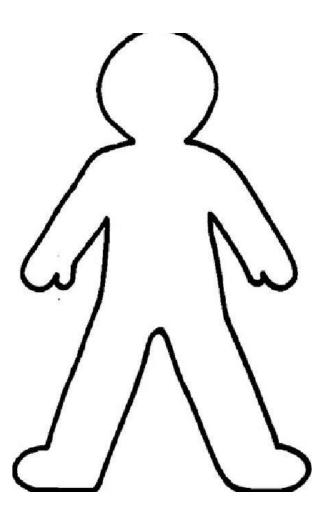
	Retrieval Practice		
1.			
2.			
7.			

Baseline and Endpoint Assessment

	Baseline Assessment	Endpoint Assessment
1. What does the term personal hygiene mean?		
2. Why is it important to keep good personal hygiene?		







Task 2: Set Yourself a Challenge

am going to set myself a challenge this week – I am going to ensure I get a total of 60 minutes exercise a day by



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	tle: Female Genital	Mutilation
1.	is important	for maintaining healthy teeth and gums.
2.	It's recommended to brue	sh your teeth at least times a day, especially after meals.
3.	Flossing helps remove	between teeth that brushing alone might miss.
4.	Regular exercise not only health.	benefits your overall health but also contributes to good
5.	is a fun way t	o stay active and promote cardiovascular health.
Ва	seline and Endpoint Asse	essment
	Katie	"Mum said that when she was young, there was a party for her and some other girls, but then they were cut."
	Sophia	"Cut? What do you mean?"
	Katie	"Their flowers were cut. You know, their womanhood? It sounded awful. I thought they were going to do it to my sister and me."
1.	What does being 'cut' me	
2.	Why might there have be	
3.		able for Katie's mum, or the other girls?
4.		vailable for Katie and her sister?
5.	What questions might Ka	itie and Sophia have?



Task 1: Getting The Facts Straight

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Villagers Say (incorr	rect Statement):	F	Rose Replies:	
	Girls are clean once they have been cut		FGM is a crime and most women don't experience it – it's nothing to do with becoming a woman."	
	It's completely safe, nothing can go wrong		The vagina keeps itself clean naturally and the vulva isn't dirty – it just needs gentle washing in the shower or bath."	
	Being cut is part of becoming a woman		It's not safe at all - it can cause lots of serious problems at the time and for the rest of the girl's life."	
	The procedure ensures that a woman remains pure – a virgin until her wedding		FGM is a crime and most women don't experience it – it's nothing to do with being pure."	

Task 2: Scenarios

Scenario	What Feelings might they have about saying something?
While in another country, Katie tells her	
cousin Sweetpea that she thinks their family	
is going to force them both to undergo FGM.	
Rose tells a colleague that she has	
undergone FGM and is suffering from the	
consequences as an adult.	
Tony is worried that his sister might be	
forced to undergo FGM but isn't sure what	
he can do about it.	
Before she goes on holiday, Katie tells her	
friend Sophia that she is worried about FGM.	